

A farmer's perspective;

Responding to climate change



Cindy Stevens and Simon Wallwork

Agriculture Science Degrees 3 kids - Jade, Darcy and Archie

3710 hectares at Corrigin 250 km east of Perth

3000 ha Crop 900 Breeding Ewes 200 Breeding Cows

Farming Story – broadly 3 stages

2003 - 2010;

- forming business
- 2. steep learning curve and income volatility on the back of climate variability

2010 - 2016;

- 1. awareness of trends and changing climate and targeted adaptation
- 2. succession planning and increasing debt

2017 – present;

- 1. consolidation
- 2. increased enterprise diversity
- 3. identifying emerging risks and opportunities with climate change and decarbonisation

2003-2010

2003 – GSR 293mm



2004 –GSR 265mm 1000 hectares of wheat yielded 300kg/ha



2005 - GSR 317mm

1.46 t/ha

o.36 t/ha



2010

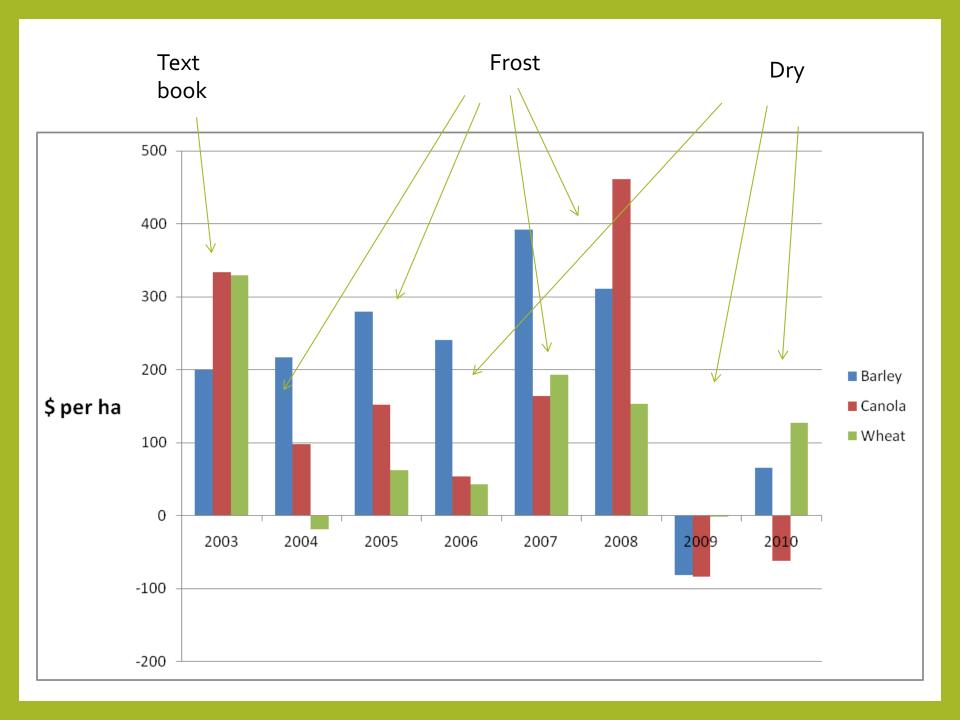
East block GSR 73mm Barley yielded 100kg/ha



Home GSR 106mm sowed early April into moisture from summer rain barley yielded 1 t/ha

Relinquished eastern block – not sustainable part of our business

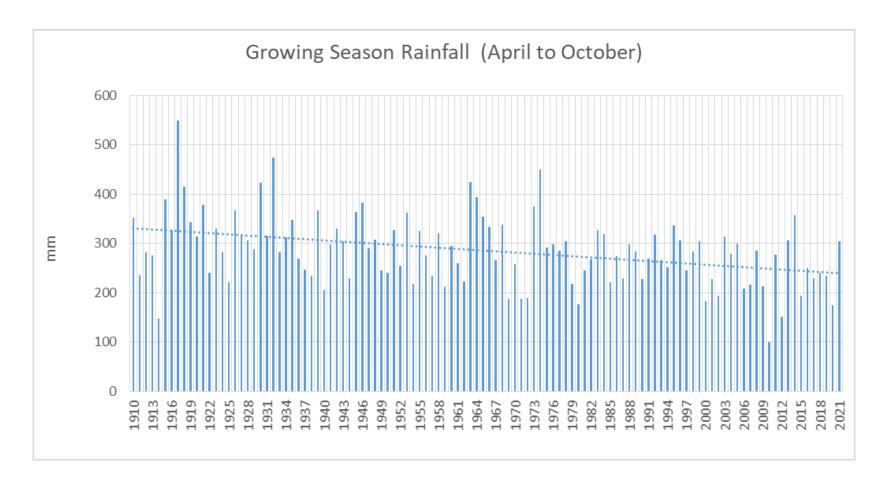




2010-2014



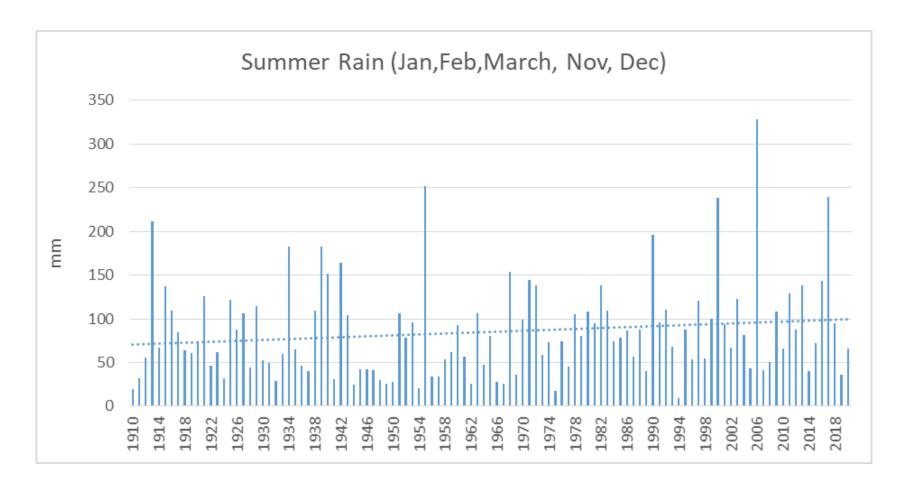
Corrigin



Corrigin Growing Season Rainfall – Lowest 5

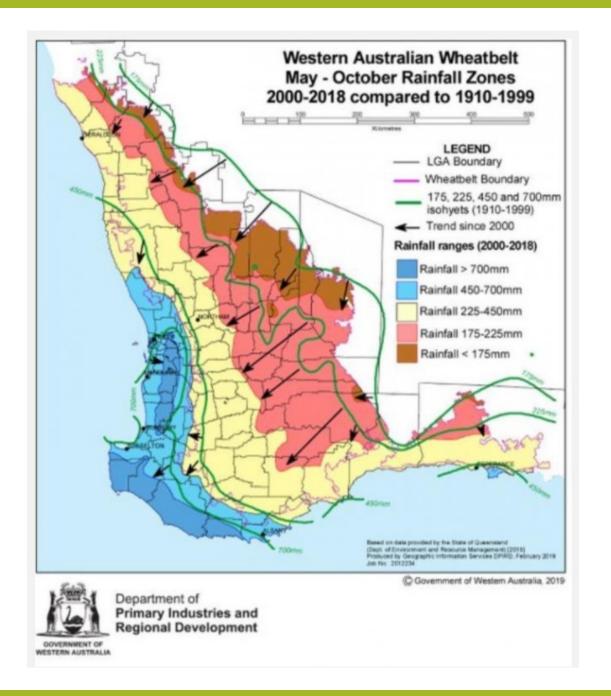
Year	mm
2010	100.2
1914	147.5
2012	150.3
2020	174.2
1980	176.8

Corrigin

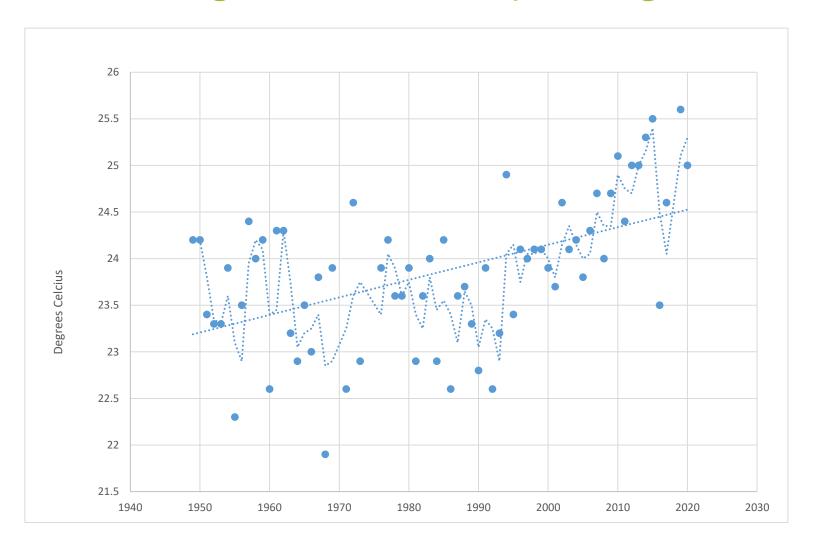


Average Corrigin Rainfall (mm)

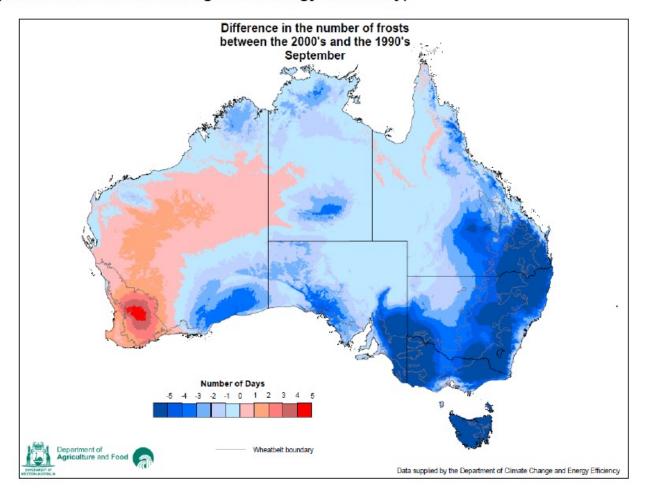
	April to Oct	April to June
1910-1979	302	139
1980-1999	273	128
2000-2020	235	92
% Reduction from		
1910-79 Av to 2000-		
20 Av	22	34



Corrigin Mean Monthly Average



Appendix 9. Difference in the frequency of September frosts in the 2000s compared to the 1990s (Source: Department of Climate Change and Energy Efficiency)



2010 - 2016









Livestock & fodder







2017 – present

Shared management, strategy, simplification and consolidation Reducing debt Education Enterprise diversity



2019 Climate Change - Lots of Questions !!

Are we part of the problem?

Are we as an industry being proactive? Live export all again?

Are we part of the solution?

What will consumers and markets want?

What are the risks? market access? finance?

What are the opportunities? Carbon Neutral? Carbon Farming? Energy Use Efficiency?

Can our industry have open and respectful conversations?

Can we put the trust back in the science?







- 1. Champion efforts in the WA ag sector to have net-zero greenhouse gas emissions (be carbon neutral) by 2030.
- 2. Share positive stories from WA ag.
- 3. Contribute to and promote good climate and ag policy.

















AgZero2030 @AgZero2030 · Sep 25

Replying to @WAFarmers @TonyYork_WA and 4 others

Great 2b with ag/rural champs focusing on positive responses 2 #ClimateChange risks & opportunities for WA ag. Thanks 2 speakers @cbhgroup @rich_brake @SelectCarbon @NAB @GrainGrowersLtd @BailiwickLegal @DPIRDWA; attendees in-person & online; & Jess, Mel, Simon & all 4 logistics.



Climate change policy on the agenda

Bree Swift

13 Oct 2020, 9 a.m.

MAFarmers president Rhys Turton said climate change needs a whole-world approach.



WAFARMERS members and industry stakeholders met to discuss and workshop a climate change policy for the organisation, based on its members' feedback late last month.

The West Australian

Great Southern Herald | Great Southern

Great Southern farmer joins mission to promote a zero-carbon agriculture future

Kellie Balaam | Great Southern Herald Thu, 30 July 2020 10:01AM



Sanderson Farms @farms_sanderson · Oct 17

Good chat the other day on carbon :)

Gnowangerup farmer Wayne Pech is taking on t 2030km over three months to promote a move in WA by 2030.

Gnowangerup farmer Wayne Pech. Credit: Picture: supplied

Agribusiness

Farmers are being encouraged to take part in the completing 2030 moves by the end of August, s

AgZero2030 @AgZero2030 · Oct 16

Who saw @GrainGrowersLtd's webinar yesterday about their recent report graingrowers.com.au/carbon-calcula... with @KondininGroup comparing 5 carbon calculators? Watch it here graingrowers.com.au/policy/webinar...

Great to hear thoughts from WA farmer John Sanderson, Ben White, & CSIRO's Maartje Sevenster.



Risks and Opportunities

- 1. We want to be part of the solution
- 2. Canola and barley are key crops
- Canola for the European ISCC (International Sustainability and Carbon Certification) \$10 / tonne premium
- At least 50% malting many of the key brewers, Lion, Heineken, Carlsberg etc. are targeting carbon neutrality
- Markets with carbon neutral targets are Japan, Europe, China, South Korea
- 3. Livestock are an important part of our system
- 4. Signals from banks around sustainable frameworks for finance pricing

Types of Emissions

Scope 1: All emissions on-farm from agricultural activity

Scope 2: Emissions from the production of purchased electricity

Scope 3: All emissions associated with producing inputs such as fertilisers,

herbicides, veterinary services etc.

Data required for carbon calculation

- 1. Stock numbers on hand (numbers x days on farm per year)
- 2. Liveweight at slaughter or disposal x age
- 3. Weight of each class of animal
- 4. Amount of wool produced per animal per year
- 5. Yield of each crop with area and harvested weight
- 6. Amount of fertiliser and herbicide applied per crop and pasture
- 7. Purchased livestock and purchased animal feed
- 8. Diesel use per enterprise
- 9. Electricity and other energy sources
- 10. Repairs, maintenance costs
- 11. Purchased services and travel



FARM BUSINESS REPORT



Hacienda de Trigo

2020 Season

Greenhouse Accounting Framework (GAF) tool University of Melbourne	

FARM BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

Hacienda De Trigo

	CARBON BALANC				
		01/01/2021	02/01/2020	Change	
CO ₂ -Energy	t CO ₂ e	192.58	156.02	36.56	
CO ₂ -Lime	t CO ₂ e				
CO2 - Urea Application	t CO ₂ e				
CH ₄ - Field Burning	t CO ₂ e				
CH ₄ - Energy	t CO ₂ e	0.28	0.22	0.05	
N ₂ O - Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e	423.80	81.96	341.84	
N ₂ O - Crop residues		304.72	261.75	42.98	
N ₂ O - Crop residues N ₂ O - Atmospheric deposition	t CO,e	42.38	8.20	34.18	
	t CO ₂ e	40.31	17.97	22.33	
N2O - Leaching and Runoff	t CO ₂ e	40.31	17.97	22.53	
N ₂ O - Field Burning	t CO ₇ e				
I ₂ O - Energy	t CO₂e	0.55	0.45	0.10	
otal Crop Emissions	t CO ₂ e	1,004.61	526.57	478.04	
cope 1 Emissions					
O ₂ - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	4.02	4.59	-0.57	
OO ₂ - Lime	t CO ₂ e				
OO2 - Urea	t CO ₂ e				
H ₄ - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	0.01	0.01	0.00	
H ₄ - Enteric		157.45	204.17	-46.72	
CH ₄ - Manure Management	t CO ₂ e	0.03	0.04	-0.01	
CH ₄ - Savannah Burning	t CO ₂ e	0.03	0.04	-0.01	
	t CO ₂ e				
20 - Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e				
1 ₂ O - Urine and Dung	t CO ₂ e	10.94	12.98	-2.04	
20 - Atmospheric Deposition	t CO₂e	1.09	1.30	-0.21	
N ₂ O - Leaching and Runoff	t CO ₂ e	6.15		6.15	
20 - Savannah Burning	t CO₂e				
I ₂ O - Fuel cope 2 Emissions	t CO ₂ e	0.02	0.01	0.01	
lectricity					
Scope 3 Emissions	t CO ₂ e				
ertiliser	t CO ₂ e				
Purchased feed	t CO ₂ e				
Herbicides/pesticides	t CO ₂ e				
lectricity	t CO ₂ e				
uel	t CO ₂ e	0.21		0.21	
ime	t CO ₂ e				
Purchased livestock	t CO₂e	4.19		4.19	
ivestock on agistment	t CO ₂ e				
Carbon Sequestration					
Carbon sequestration in trees	t CO ₂ e				
Total Sheep Emissions	t CO ₂ e	184.11	223.10	-38.99	
Scope 1 Emissions					
CO ₂ - Fuel		4.02	188.06	-184.04	
	t CO ₂ e	4.02	100.00	-184.04	
CO ₂ - Lime	t CO ₂ e				
CO ₂ - Urea	t CO ₂ e				
CH ₄ - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	0.01	0.01	0.00	
CH ₄ - Enteric	t CO ₂ e	249.30	271.82	-22.52	
H ₄ - Manure Management	t CO ₂ e	0.05	0.06	-0.01	
H ₄ - Savannah Burning	t CO ₇ e				
I ₂ O - Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e				
I ₂ O - Urine and Dung	t CO ₇ e	18.32	30.16	-11.84	
1 ₂ O - Atmospheric Deposition	t CO ₂ e	1.83	3.02	-1.19	
1 ₂ O - Leaching and Runoff	t CO ₂ e	10.30	16.97	-6.67	
20 - Savannah Burning	t CO ₂ e	20.50		3.0.	
1 ₂ O - Fuel	_	4.05	0.01	4.04	
cope 2 Emissions	t CO ₂ e	4.05	0.01	4.04	
lectricity	t CO ₂ e				
cope 3 Emissions					
ertiliser	t CO ₂ e				
urchased feed	t CO ₂ e				
Herbicides/pesticides	t CO ₂ e				
	+00 -				
Electricity	t CO ₂ e				
Electricity Fuel	t CO ₂ e	0.21		0.21	

FARM BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

Hacienda De Trigo

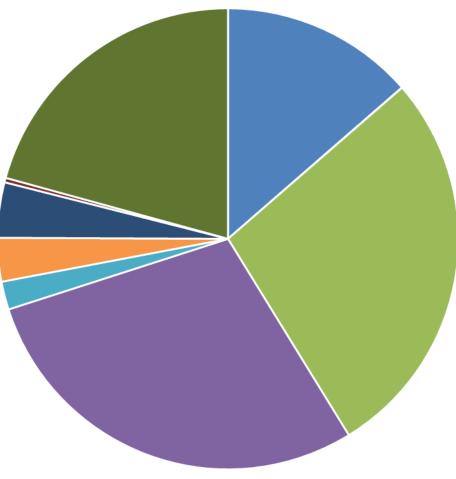
Purchased livestock	t CO ₂ e	38.61		38.61
Livestock on agistment	t CO ₂ e			
Carbon Sequestration				
Carbon sequestration in trees	t CO₂e			
Total Cattle Emissions	t CO ₇ e	326.69	510.11	-183.42
Scope 1 Emissions				
CO ₂ - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	200.62	348.67	-148.05
CO ₂ - Lime	t CO ₂ e			
CO ₂ - Urea	t CO ₂ e			
CH ₄ - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	0.29	0.24	0.05
CH ₄ - Enteric	t CO ₂ e	406.75	476.00	-69.25
CH ₄ - Manure Management	t CO₂e	0.09	0.11	-0.02
CH ₄ - Field Burning	t CO ₂ e			
CH ₄ - Savannah Burning	t CO ₂ e			
N ₂ O - Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e	423.80	81.96	341.84
N ₂ O - Urine and Dung	t CO ₂ e	29.25	43.15	-13.90
N ₂ O - Atmospheric Deposition	t CO ₂ e	45.31	12.51	32.80
N ₂ O - Leaching and Runoff	t CO ₂ e	56.76	34.94	21.82
N ₂ O - Field Burning	t CO ₂ e			
N ₂ O - Savannah Burning	t CO ₂ e			
N ₂ O - Fuel	t CO ₂ e	4.62	0.47	4.15
N ₂ O - Crop residues	t CO ₂ e	304.72	261.75	
Scope 2 Emissions				
Electricity	t CO ₂ e			
Scope 3 Emissions				
Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e			
Purchased feed	t CO ₂ e			
Herbicides/pesticides	t CO ₂ e			
Electricity	t CO ₂ e			
Fuel	t CO ₂ e	0.41		0.41
Lime	t CO ₂ e			
Purchased livestock	t CO ₇ e	42.80		42.80
Livestock on agistment	t CO ₂ e			
Carbon Sequestration	10020			
Carbon sequestration in trees	***			
Total Farm Emissions	t CO₂e t CO₂e	1,515.42	1,259.80	255.62
	-			
Scope 1 Emissions				27222
CO ₂ - Energy	t CO ₂ e	200.62	348.67	-148.05
CH ₄ - Enteric	t CO ₂ e	407.12	476.34	-69.22
N ₂ O - Fertiliser	t CO ₂ e	864.47	434.78	429.69
Scope 2 Emissions	t CO ₂ e			
Scope 3 Emissions	t CO ₂ e	43.21		43.21
	s	\$16.55		

FARM BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

Hacienda De Trigo

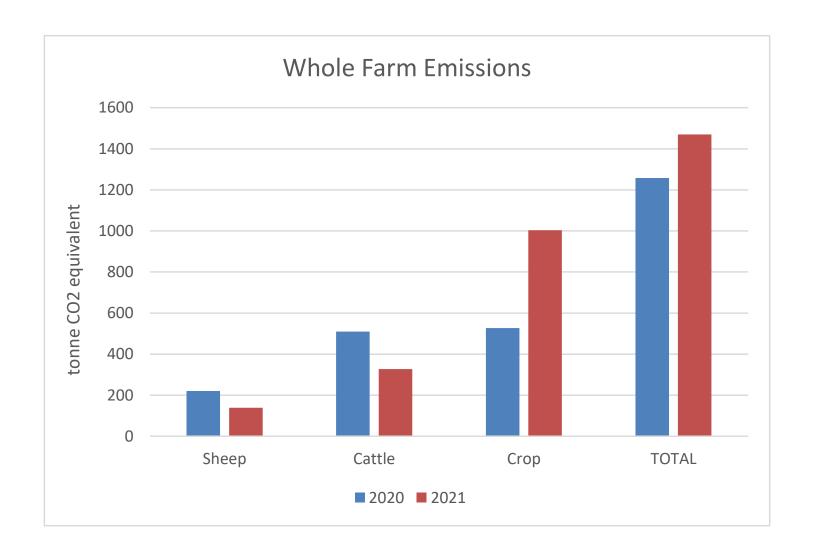
		Budget	01/01/2021	02/01/2020	Change
ACCU Spot Price as at balance date	\$/t CO ₇ e	\$20.00	\$16.55	\$15.50	\$1.05
Total Farm Emissions	t CO₂e		1,515.42	1,259.80	255.62
Cost to business			\$25,080.20	\$19,526.94	\$5,553.26
Impact on Crop Enterprise					
Total Emissions		1083.58	1,004.61	526.57	478.04
Total Emissions Total ACCU cost to crop enterprise	t CO ₂ e	\$21,671.64	\$16,626.37	\$8,161.84	\$8,464.53
Total Acco cost to crop enterprise		321,0/1.04	\$10,020.37	\$8,101.84	\$8,404.53
Emissions per tonne of grain produced	kgs CO _{2-e} /t	198.82	200.00		
	\$/t	\$3.98	\$3.31		
Impact on crop profitability			Cost [\$]	Cost [\$/ha]	
		0221222	42 215 12	4444	
Wheat		\$2,338	\$2,018.15	\$6.96	
Barley		\$14,831	\$9,982.30	\$9.07	
Canola		\$3,551	\$4,003.66	\$3.10	
Lupins		\$952	\$622.27	\$3.54	
Oats					
Oaten Hay Field Peas					
Triticale					
Triticale Faba Beans					
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture					
Friticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop					
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop			01/01/2021	02/01/2020	
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise	t co,e	303.92	01/01/2021 184.11	02/01/2020	39.01
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop <mark>Impact on Sheep Enterprise</mark> Total Emissions	t CO ₂ e kgs CO ₂₄ /kg	303.92 12.90			39.01
Triticale Taba Beans Pasture Other Crop mpact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions	100000		184.11	223.12	39.01
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg \$/kg	12.90 \$0.26	184.11 4.23 \$0.07	223.12 5.35 \$0.09	
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg \$/kg \$	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03	223.12 5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80	
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg \$/kg	12.90 \$0.26	184.11 4.23 \$0.07	223.12 5.35 \$0.09	39.01 \$801.78
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg S/kg S S/ha	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39	5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73	
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg S/kg S S/ha	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49	5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73	\$801.71
Chick Peas Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total Impact on Cattle Enterprise Total Emissions	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg S/kg S S/ha S/head	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53 \$9.35	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49 01/01/2021 326.69	5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73 01/01/2020 \$510.11	
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Total Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total Impact on Cattle Enterprise	kgs CO _{2-e} /kg \$/kg \$/kg \$ \$/ha \$/head	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53 \$9.35	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49 01/01/2021	223.12 5.35 50.09 53,848.80 519.24 54.73	\$801.71
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total Impact on Cattle Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off	kgs CO ₂₋₄ /kg 5/kg 5 5/ha 5/head t CO ₂ -e kgs CO ₂₋₄ /kg 5/kg	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53 \$9.35 203.24 5.18 \$0.10	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49 01/01/2021 326.69 7.03 \$0.12	223.12 5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73 01/01/2020 510.11 9.50 \$0.16	\$801.7i
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total	kgs CO ₂₋₄ /kg 5/kg 5 5/ha 5/haad t CO ₂₋₆ /kg 5/kg 5	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53 \$9.35 203.24 5.18 \$0.10 \$4,064.81	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49 01/01/2021 326.69 7.03 \$0.12 \$5,406.80	223.12 5.35 50.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73 01/01/2020 510.11 9.50 \$0.16 \$8,799.37	\$801.7i
Triticale Faba Beans Pasture Other Crop Impact on Sheep Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off ACCU Cost Impact total Impact on Cattle Enterprise Fotal Emissions Emissions per kg turned off	kgs CO ₂₋₄ /kg 5/kg 5 5/ha 5/head t CO ₂ -e kgs CO ₂₋₄ /kg 5/kg	12.90 \$0.26 \$6,078 \$18.53 \$9.35 203.24 5.18 \$0.10	184.11 4.23 \$0.07 \$3,047.03 \$8.39 \$3.49 01/01/2021 326.69 7.03 \$0.12	223.12 5.35 \$0.09 \$3,848.80 \$19.24 \$4.73 01/01/2020 510.11 9.50 \$0.16	\$801.71

2021 Emission t/CO2 Equivalen



- CO2 Energy
- Methane Enteric
- Nitrous Oxide Urine + Dung
- Nitrous Oxide Leaching + Runoff
- Nitrous Oxide Crop Residues

- Methane Fuel
- Nitrous Oxide Fert
- Nitrous Oxide Atmospheric Deposition
- Nitrous Oxide Fuel



What metric is important?

Whole Farm?

1500 t/CO2 equiv per annum = 200 hectares tree plant at 7.5 t/ha sequested

Offsets

How to fund tree planting? \$1000/ha at least — 200 hectares = \$200,000

WA Land Restoration fund – cash advances in exchange for proportion of carbon credits (ACCUs) + co-benefit payment



Reducing emissions

Legumes

More efficient fertiliser application

Feed additives

Electrification

Renewables



Metric – per tonne or per hectare or paddock

Crop	2021	2020
Tonnes	6000	4835
kg CO2 equiv per tonne of grain	167	109
Cost \$/t of C offset at \$20/t CO2 equiva	\$ 3.35	\$ 2.18

Assuming only Scope 1 emission included.

Next steps for us and AgZero2030;

Opportunities for conservations with supply chain about emission's responsibility.

thanks

